

MP BOARD CLASS 10 ENGLISH GENERAL SOLUTION 2018

म. प्र. बोर्ड कक्षा 10 अंग्रेजी सामान्य प्रश्नपत्र उत्तर सहित-2018

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Instructions :

- 1) All questions are **compulsory**.
- 2) **Read** the questions **carefully** and answer them.
- 3) **Marks** of **each** question are indicated against it.
- 4) **Internal choice** are given as per the **blue print**.

SECTION - A

(Reading)

Unseen Passage

1. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it :

‘Prevention is better than cure’, and it is recognized that the only way to get rid of malaria completely is to get rid of mosquitoes which cause it. Malaria is always associated with damp and marshy land. This is not because the land is damp, but because the stagnant water is the breeding place of the mosquito, which begins its life as a larva living in the water. Malaria does not frequently occur in the water. Malaria does not frequently occur in dry desert countries, because mosquitoes cannot breed there. The only way to destroy mosquitoes is to prevent their breeding in stagnant water. This can be done by draining all ponds and pools and by keeping them covered in the breeding season with a thin layer of kerosene oil, which by depriving the larvae of air, kills them.

Questions:

- (i) In what places does malaria occur most? (1)

Ans. Malaria is always associated with damp and marshy land.

- (ii) How does a mosquito begin its life? (1)

Ans. The stagnant water is the breeding place of the mosquito which begins its life.

- (iii) In what places malaria does not occur? (1)

Ans. Malaria does not occur in the water and in dry desert countries because mosquitoes cannot breed there.

- (iv) The _____ is the breeding place of mosquito. (1)

- (a) flowing water (b) dry desert country (c) stagnant water

Ans. The STAGNANT WATER is the breeding place of mosquito.

- (v) Malaria does not occur in _____ countries. (1)

- (a) damp and marshy land (b) dry and desert (c) dirty water

Ans. Malaria does not occur in DAMP AND MARSHY LAND countries.

2. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it :

Yoga is the ancient system to keep a person fit in body and mind. It is basically a system of self-treatment. According to the 'Yogic' view, diseases, disorders and ailments are the result to some faulty ways of living, bad habits, lack of proper knowledge and unsuitable food. The diseases are thus, the resultant state of a sort of prolonged malfunctioning of the body system. Since the root cause of a disease lies in the mistake of the individual himself. The Yoga expert shows only the path and words so more than a counselor. The 'Yogic' practice of treatment comprises three steps namely proper diet, proper yogic practice and proper knowledge of things about the self.

Questions:

(i) What is Yoga? (1)

Ans. Yoga is the ancient system to keep a person fit in body and mind.

(ii) What are main causes of diseases and disorders? (1)

Ans. The main causes of diseases and disorders is faulty ways of living, bad habits, lack of proper knowledge and unsuitable food.

(iii) What does a yoga expert do? (1)

Ans. The Yoga expert shows only the path and words so more than a counsellar.

(iv) The root cause of a disease lies in: (1)

(a) Mistake of others (b) Mistake of physician (c) Mistake of individuals

Ans. Mistake of Individuals

(v) Find out a word from the passage which means 'Very Old'. (1)

Ans. The 'Ancient System'.

3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it:

There seems to be a general opinion in this country that Sardar Patel was slightly of harsh and rough temperament. Men call him the 'Iron Man of India'. He was, no doubt, an iron man in the sense that one could rely on him for strict and efficient administration. But as a man, to those who had the good fortune of coming into close contact with him, he was kind and considerate. At times, he even became emotional where his personal friends and followers were concerned. However, it goes without saying that Sardar had the great skill for organizing affairs. He knew the way of picking people and putting them in their proper places. Once he judged a man and found him correct, he trusted him fully and got him to do anything he wanted.

Questions:

(i) What did people call Sardar Patel? (1)

Ans. People called Sardar Patel "Iron man of India".

(ii) What special skill did Sardar Patel have? (1)

Ans. Sardar Patel had the great skill of organizing affairs.

(iii) For whom was he kind and considerate? (1)

Ans. He was Kind and Considerate to those who had good fortune of coming into close contact with him.

(iv) Find out the word from the passage which means : 'luck'. (1)

Ans. For tune.

(v) One could rely on him for strict and efficient : (1)

(a) people (b) fun (c) administration

Ans. (c) Administration

SECTION – B

(Writing)

4. You are Dinesh Patel studying in class X in Govt. H.S.S. Seoni. Write an application to your Principal requesting him to grant you 2 days leave because you are sick. (6)

To,

The Principal

Govt. H.S.S. Seoni

Seoni, M.P.

Subject : An Application for sick leave.

Respected Sir,

I beg to state that I have been suffering from fever since last night. So I am unable to attend the school.

Kindly request you to grant me 2 days leave.

Thanking you

Yours obediently

Dinesh Patel

Date :

Class : X 'A'

OR

You are Govind, residing in 91, Sai Nagar, Indore. Write a letter to your friend Deepak inviting him to attend your elder sister's marriage.

91, Sai Nagar

Indore, M.P.

Date : 22-03-2018

Dear Deepak

Hope this finds you hale and hearty. Special is that my sister's marriage is taking place on 20th April 20---- I invite you to attend my sister's marriage, so that we may have fun together. A wedding card is also enclosed here with.

Do request your respected parents to grace the occasion. I hope you will not disappoint me.

Please do come

With all good wishes

Yours sincerely

Govind.

5. Read the following passage carefully and do as instructed in (a) and (b) below the passage :

Discipline is necessary in life. A man without discipline can achieve nothing worthwhile in life. Discipline is the very condition of progress, stability and strength. Discipline is necessary in all walks of human life. Without discipline there will be disorder and lawlessness in a civilized society. We cannot live without having some regards for the welfare of others. Respect for authority is the basis of discipline. Children must be disciplined, otherwise education will suffer. We find discipline loses nothing but it wins a lot. Discipline helps us to safeguard our interests and restrains us from missing our liberty.

Questions:

(a) Make notes on the contents of the passage and give a title also. (4)

Ans. Title – Discipline

Note:- (i) Discipline is

(ii) Necessary in life

(iii) Condition of progress stability and strength

(iv) Necessary in all walks of human life.

(b) Prepare summary of the passage. (3)

Ans. Summary : It is true that discipline is necessary in necessary in life. Discipline is necessary in all walks of human life. Without discipline there will be disorder and lawlessness in a civilized society. We find discipline helps us to safeguarded our interests and our liberty.

6. Develop an article on the topic 'To make clean India' with the help of the given phrases: (7)

- (1) Cleanliness is based on our health.
- (2) To put the garbage in the dustbin.
- (3) To develop the habit of cleanliness.
- (4) Cleanliness is a national mission.
- (5) Use of cotton bags only.
- (6) Awareness in the society.
- (7) Two hours in a week for this mission.
- (8) Separate toilet for girls in school.
- (9) Water available to maintain the cleanliness.

Ans. To make clean India

Health is the most valuable of all earthly possession. Cleanliness is a national mission. This is awareness mission for the society. Where the people do not care for cleanliness the waste or garbage should be put in dustbin.

Two hours should given to the mission to keep the society surrounding clean. Instead of using plastic bag we must use cotton bag to carry items and household things for girls separate toilets should be maintain with ample of water facility it is duty of every of as to maintain sanitation wherever we live work or stay.

OR

Write an essay in 200 words on any one of the following topics :

- (1) The festival you like most.
- (2) Value of games.
- (3) Science : a good servant but a bad master.
- (4) My Hobby.
- (5) Any great leader.

Ans. My Hobby

“All work and no play makes jack dull boy”

1. Introduction

2. My Hobby

3. What I do for my hobby

4. Conclusion

(i) Introduction : Man is not a machine so he has to take shelter to some hobby or the other. Hobby is a pleasant pastime it washes away the monotony and gives fresh energy it is the best use of leisure it gives mental recreation too.

(ii) My Hobby : There are many kinds of hobbies singing, dancing, photography, painting, stamp collection gardening, hunting and swimming etc. I have taken up gardening as my hobby I am very much interested in plants and flowers. I have visited many beautiful gardens situated in big cities.

(iii) What I do for my hobby : I have prospered a small but beautiful garden within the boundary of my house. There are many plants with beautiful flowers I am very fond of rose flowers too. So I have collected fifteen varieties of rose in my garden there are various other flowers too besides this there are small fruit trees. In a small portion of my garden.

I grow vegetables also. I work in my garden during my leisure time daily. I prepare beds of plants and water them. I also do grafting and cutting of the unwanted branches. I take great pleasure in this work many times I present the fruits and flowers to my friends. When I make vegetable for my mother's kitchen, she is very much pleased.

(iv) Conclusion : My hobby is not expensive I do not spend much on it other hobbies like photography are quite expensive. My parents take delight in watching me working in the garden gardening is a good exercise also. It keeps my body and mind fit the beautiful scenery of my small garden attracts everybody who passes by it the fragrant flowers the sweet fruits and the tasty vegetables of my garden are valuable wealth to me. I love my garden very much.

SECTION – C

(Grammar)

7. (A) Fill in the blanks by using the correct form of verbs given in brackets (any five) : (5)

- (1) Kamini decided _____ alone. (to go / going)
- (2) When we reached the station, the train had already _____ (leave / left / leaves)
- (3) The student _____ in this ground daily. (play / plays / playing)
- (4) _____ the news, he felt disappointed. (reads / read / reading)
- (5) Ravi used to _____ in the river when he was young. (swim / swimming)
- (6) Geeta was very tired, so she _____ to bed early. (go / went / gone)
- (7) I had been _____ tennis for two hours. I got tired and took rest. (Play / Played / Playing)

Ans. 7 (A)

- (1) Kamini decided to go alone. (to go / going)
- (2) When we reached the station, the train had already left (leave / left / leaves)
- (3) The student plays in this ground daily. (play / plays / playing)
- (4) Reading the news, he felt disappointed. (reads / read / reading)

- (5) Ravi used to __Swim__ in the river when he was young. (swim / swimming)
 (6) Geeta was very tired, so she __Went__ to bed early. (go / went / gone)
 (7) I had been __Playing__ tennis for two hours. I got tired and took rest. (Play / Played / Playing)

(B) Choose the correct words from brackets and fill in the blanks (any five): (5)

- (1) His father is _____M.L.A. (a / an / the)
 (2) Mr. John is a rich person _____not happy. (but / and)
 (3) Will you please give me _____ money? (any / some)
 (4) He was absent _____he was sick. (because / during / while)
 (5) _____ I come in, Sir? (May / Can / Must)
 (6) You are sitting _____Seeta and Geeta. (between / among)
 (7) The / won / have / they / match. (Rearrange the words to make a meaningful sentence)

Ans.:

- (1) His father is __an__ M.L.A. (a / an / the)
 (2) Mr. John is a rich person __but__ not happy. (but / and)
 (3) Will you please give me __some__ money? (any / some)
 (4) He was absent __beacuse__ he was sick. (because / during / while)
 (5) __may__ I come in, Sir? (May / Can / Must)
 (6) You are sitting __between__ Seeta and Geeta. (between / among)
 (7) **They have won the match.**

8. Do as directed (any five) : (5)

- (1) She did her duty. (Change into negative)

Ans. She did not do her duty.

- (2) The student is very fast.

He can win the race.

(Combine above sentences using 'So..... that')

Ans. The student is so fast that

He Can win the race.

- (3) She sings a song. (Change into past perfect tense)

Ans. She had sung a song.

- (4) He take tea. (Correct the sentence)

Ans. He takes tea.

- (5) Mr. Prasad lives in Bhopal. (Make a question beginning with 'Where')

Ans. Where does Mr. Prasad live?

(6) If he does not take taxi, he will miss the train. (Rewrite the sentence using 'unless' in place of 'If')

Ans. Unless he takes taxi, he will miss the train.

(7) My friend will help you.

He is very kind.

(Combine above sentences using 'because')

Ans. My friend will help you because

He is very Kind.

9. Translate any five sentences into English : (5)

(1) वह सुबह से लिख रहा है .

Ans. He has been writing since morning.

(2) तुम कहाँ रहते हो?

Ans. Where do you live?

(3) मैं आपकी सफलता की कामना करता हूँ.

Ans. May I bless you for success.

(4) हमें अंग्रेजी सीखनी चाहिए

Ans. We must learn English.

(5) क्या तुम मेरी मदद कर सकते हो?

Ans. Can you help me?

(6) सूर्य पूर्व में उगता है

Ans. Sun rises in east.

(7) मैं कार चला सकता हूँ.

Ans. I can drive Car.

SECTION – D

10. Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions given below it:

The day of the race dawned. It turned out to be a close race. Towards the end, Mamta caught up with the champion. Her eyes were fixed at the finishing line. Like Arjuna in the Mahabharata aiming at the fish's eye. Mamta too could see nothing else. And in the end she did win, though by a couple of seconds only. It was so unexpected that there was a moment's silence all around as she crossed the finishing line. Even the judges on the field were surprised that someone looking so frail and delicate could run

so fast. There was a lot of excitement on the field before Mamta was announced the winner.

Questions:

- (1) The word in the passage similar in meaning to the beginning of a day is. (1)
(a) race (b) dawn (c) close

Ans. (a) Race

- (2) The writer of this lesson, from which the extract has been taken is. (1)
(a) Sudha Murthy (b) Burt Dubin (c) Minakshi G. Jain

Ans. (a) Sudha Murthy

- (3) Mamta's eyes were fixed at. (1)
(a) the judges (b) the finishing line (c) the fish's eye

Ans. The finishing line

- (4) Who did win the race? (2)

Ans. Mamta win the race.

11. Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions given below it:

Kubuddhi was greedy and had a plan to cheat his friend of his share of the gold coins. He said, "It is unwise to take all the gold to the city. When the friends see so much money, they will ask us to lend some to them, or they may even steal it. Let's take one hundred coins each and bury the remaining in the forest. We can always come back and take the money whenever we need it."

Subuddhi agreed with Kubuddhi. Together they buried the money under an old banyan tree and returned to their homes with a part of their new found wealth.

Questions :

- (1) Name the lesson from which this extract has been taken. (1)

Ans. (i) Name of the lesson is "The pot of gold".

- (2) Find out the word from the extract which means "to hide something in the ground". (1)

Ans. Bury

- (3) Find out the opposite of 'wise'. (1)

Ans. Unwise

- (4) Where did they bury the money? (2)

Ans. They buried the money under an old banyan tree.

12. Answer the following questions in about 30 words :

- (1) What was the duty of the little boy? (3)

Ans. The duty of the little boy was to come to shoal early in the morning each day to start the fire in the coal stove and warm the room before his teacher and his class mates arrived.

OR

What was Tcherviakoff doing in the opera house?

Ans. Tcherviakoff was watching a famous opera in the opera house.

(2) Why did Dr. Kalam go to Delhi? (3)

Ans. Dr. Kalam went to Delhi for the interview at DTD&P (Air) Directorate of technical Development and Praduction.

OR

Why did Babuli give the paper slip to his elder sister-in-law?

Ans. Babuli gave the paper slip to his elder sister-in-law to deliver it to his elder brother because he himself had to no courage to meet him.

13. Describe the qualities of Maharana Pratap (in 60 words). (4)

Ans. Maharana Pratap was a brave and patriotic Rajput with love for his motherland. He was an egoistic but responsible person. He Could have finished him self instead of going into exile but for the sake of his family's responsibility he struggles and survives.

OR

Why did Pratap Singh call Bhama Sah the 'Saviour of Mewar'?

Ans. Pratap singh called Bhama Sah the "Savior of Mewar" because he had offered all his wealth to him for feeding and arming his army, so that me may not go into exite and retain mewar it would therefore be because of him that mewar would be save from maguls.

14. Read the extract carefully and answer the questions given below it:

Change my darkness to Thy light, Lord!

Change my darkness to Thy light,

And my evil into good.

Touch me but once and I will change,

All my clay into Thy gold.

Questions:

(1) 'Darkness' stands for _____. (1)

(a) Night (b) Lord (c) Ignorance

Ans. 'Darkness' stands for **IGNORANCE**.

(2) 'Light' stands for _____. (1)

(a) Ignorance (b) Knowledge (c) Evil

Ans. 'Light' Stands for KNOWLEDGE.

(3) Write the poet's name who wrote this poem. (1)

Ans. The poet's name is RABINDRANATH TAGORE who wrote this poem.

15. Who is greater than a king? (3)

Ans. One who is able to quell an angry thought is greater than a king.

OR

What should a proper replacement for old traditions be?

Ans. Old traditions can be properly replaced by nobler modes of life.

16. Answer any two of the following in 20 words : (4)

(1) Where do the windows open?

Ans. The windows open towards the morning sun.

(2) What can the forest teach us?

Ans. Forest can teach us about moral evil and good.

(3) Who takes the kites high?

Ans. The winds takes the kites high.

17. Answer any three of the following in 30 words each: (9)

(1) What does the poet get from the cow?

Ans. The poet gets cream from the Cow.

(2) What was Napoleon's motto?

Ans. Napoleon's motto was "Divide and Conquer".

(3) What did Ashoka do?

Ans. Ashoka planted shady trees on roads and in public places.

(4) How much load does an average child carry in his school-bag?

Ans. An average Child carries not less than 6 to 8 kgs of books in his school bag.

18. Answer any two of the following questions in 30 words each : (6)

(1) What is the Red Cross Society?

Ans. Red Cross Society is an International organization.

(2) Why did Gandhiji travel in third class?

Ans. Gandhiji travelled third class because all poor people in India did so.

(3) What did Alfred Nobel introduce?

Ans. Alfred Nobel introduced a form of nitroglycerine that could be handled safely.
