

म. प्र. बोर्ड कक्षा 10 अंग्रेजी सामान्य प्रश्न पत्र एवम उत्तर 2017

Instructions

- (i) All questions are compulsory.
- (ii) Read the questions carefully and answer them.
- (iii) Marks of each question are indicated against it.
- (iv) Internal choices are given as per the blue-print.

SECTION - A (Reading)

Unseen Passage

Q-1 Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it :

It is an admitted fact that union or cooperation is strength; disunion is weakness. A united family, a united community, a united society, a united nation is strong; but those who are disunited or split up into fractions or groups, are all weak. Take the case of a football or hockey, team. If the members of the team play together and cooperate with one another, they will form a strong team. But if each member plays his own game, they will surely be defeated, however strong the individual players may be, the same is true of an army. To win a battle, an army must work as one man. Napoleon's motto was "Divide and conquer". He tried to split up the armies fighting against him. Then he would overcome them one by one. Divided they were weak. A united team, a united army, a united nation is strong. "United we stand; divided we fall".

Questions:

- (i) What is the factor that assures strength? 1
- (ii) What happens if each member of a football team plays his own game? 1
- (iii) What moral does the passage carry? 1
- (iv) Divide and conquer was the motto of _____. 1
- (a) Churchill (b) Hitler
- (c) Stalin (d) Napoleon
- (v) Give a synonym of winner. 1

Ans. (i) Union or cooperation assures strength.

(ii) If each member of a football team plays his own game, they will surely be defeated.

(iii) Moral is "United we stand' divided we fail." That passage carries.

(iv) Napoleon.

(v) Victorious

Q.2 Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions below it :

Helen Keller lost her eye-sight and hearing at the age of two because of an illness. She became deaf She also lost the ability to speak, for we learn to speak by imitating what we hear. At first, it seemed impossible that she would never understand others or be understood by them. Hers was thus a lonely world. But she was helped by a wonderful teacher named Miss Sullivan who had herself been blind as a child but recovered her eye-sight by an operation. Miss Sullivan volunteered to help Helen and taught her to speak, read and write. Helen later went to a university and gained a degree. She then spent the rest of her life working to help the blind and the deaf.

Questions:

- (i) How do we learn to speak? 1
- (ii) How did Miss Sullivan help Helen? 1
- (iii) What did Helen do for the blind and the deaf? 1
- (iv) When did Helen Keller lose her eye-sight and hearing? 1

- (a) At birth (b) At the age of two
- (c) At the age of four
- (v) Which word in the passage means 'One who is not able to see'? 1
- (a) Deaf (b) Sight (c) Blind

Ans. (i) We learn to speak by imitating what we hear.
 (ii) Miss Sullivan volunteered to help Helen and taught her to speak, read and write.
 (iii) Helen spent the rest of her life working to help the blind and deaf.
 (iv) At the age of two.
 (v) Blind.

Q.3 Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it :

It is a fact universally acknowledged that means justify the end. Therefore we all must remember that one of the keys to success is to pay as much attention to the means as to the end. The duty of every human being is to help others and do something good to the world and society. Religious texts teach us that the giver and receiver both are equally blessed. It is our duty to be thankful to God that we have been allowed to exercise our power of benevolence and march in the world and thus become pure and perfect. The natural course of events dictates that every action has to reach its concluding phase. The act once performed is bound to bear fruit. No power in the universe can stop it from bringing its results.

Questions:

- (i) What should be the relationship between means and end? 1
- (ii) What is the secret of success? 1
- (iii) Who is more blessed-the giver or receiver or both? 1
- (iv) The fact is _____ acknowledged. 1
- (a) fully (b) universally
- (c) truly (d) really
- (v) Give the noun form of 'perform' 1
- (a) performant (b) performance
- (c) performance (d) performing

Ans. (i) It is a fact universally acknowledged that means justify the end.
 (ii) The secret of success is to pay as much attention to the means as to the end.
 (iii) Giver and receiver both are equally blessed.
 (iv) Universally.
 (v) Performance.

SECTION – B (Writing)

Q.4 You are Ravi Sharma studying in Govt. Higher Secondary School Rewa, Write an application to your Principal to issue you your transfer Certificate,

Ans. To,
 The Principal
 Govt. Higher Secondary School
 Rewa, M.P.

Subject :- Application to issue Transfer Certificate.

Respected Sir,

I beg to say that I am a regular student of class X 'B' in your school. My father is a government teacher. He has been transferred to Bhopal. We are shifting there next week. I have to go with him. So I cannot continue my study here.

Kindly issue me transfer certificate. I shall be thankful to you.

Thank you,
Your obediently
Ravi Sharma
20, March 2017

OR

You are Ritu Patel residing at 54, Bank Colony, Lal Bagh, Jabalpur. Write a letter to your friend Sandhya asking her to attend your elder brother's marriage.

Q.5 Read the following passage carefully and do as instructed in (a) and (b) below the passage :

The need for money originates from the fact that different people in society produce different things. This means that they depend on each other for goods and services. Let us take the case of a farmer who produces more food than he requires and a carpenter who lives by selling tables and chairs he has made. It will be obvious that unless some means of exchange will be for them to use farmer's goods, the farmer will not, be able to get rid of his surplus food and carpenter will starve. Clearly the simplest means of exchange will be for them to use barter, in other words to exchange a certain amount of goods (farmer's grain) for a certain amount of another. (carpenter's table or chair) obviously barter can work only in a very simple society. In an advanced society, we cannot go around for the things we need.

Questions

- (a) On the basis of your reading of the above passage, make notes on it and supply a suitable title. 4
(b) Now write a summary looking at the notes. 3

Ans. Notes:-

(1) The need for money in simple society.

1.1 depend people. For goods & services each other.

1.2 exchange a certain amt. of goods for a certain amt. of another.

(2) In an advanced society,

2.1 barter can't work properly

2.2 We can't go around for the things we need.

Summary : The need for money originates from the fact that different people in society produce different things. So they depend on each other for goods and services. Means of exchange will be for them to use barter. But in advanced society, barter can not work.

Q.6 Develop an article on the topic 'Save Water' with the help of the given phrases : 7

- (i) Collect rain water on roof-top.
- (ii) Store rain water in underground tanks.
- (iii) Turn off taps while brushing teeth.
- (iv) Collect water after washing fruits, vegetables and cereals for gardening
- (v) Do not overuse bore-well.
- (vi) Wash vehicles with water in a bucket.
- (vii) Reuse water after washing clothes, utensils etc.

OR

Write an essay in 200 words on any one of the following topics:

- (i) Wonders of Science
- (ii) Any great Leader
- (iii) The festival you like most
- (iv) My hobby.

Ans. "Wonders of Science"

- (1) Introduction
- (2) Scientific invention
- (3) Means of communication
- (4) Medicine and surgery
- (5) Computers
- (6) Atomic energy
- (7) As a curse
- (8) Conclusion

"In the sky above and in the ocean below and on the Earth between in, everywhere has the triumphant chariot of science."- Anon

"Our life, today, is governed and conditioned by the offshoots of science."- Nehruji

(1) Introduction :- Modern age is the age of science. It has made progress in all fields. It has changed the way of our living. There are many Wonderful things invented by science. Science plays an iportent role in our daily life. It has made our life easier and more comfortable.

(2) Scientific Invention :- Scientists have developed and discovered several things big and small through very small observations. Boiling water in a kettle has given us the idea of Railway engine. Falling of an apple from a tree has helped Newton to discover, "the Law of Gravity. Electricity is one of the wonderful thing invented by science. It runs our mills, trains and factories. It washes and irons our clothes. It keeps our rooms cool and warm. Modern life is impossible without electricity.

(3) Means of communication :- Buses, Cars, Trains, Scooters, Aeroplains and Ships are the greatest contribution of science. Man can reach any part of the world within seconds. We can take breakfast in Delhi, Lunch in London and dinner in Newyork. The day is not very for when man will be able to travel easily on other planets and stars.

(4) Medicine and Surgery :- Science has not only cured man from diseases. But also it has lengthened his age and made him healthier as well. Science has done wonder in field of surgery. Heart surgery and transplantation have become ordinary now a days. Science has given eyes to blind, ears to deaf and legs to lame science has controlled many incurable diseases like T.B., cancer and leprosy.

(5) Computers :- Computers are the great and wonderful invention of science. Computers have helped the man in several fields. They make complex and complicated calculations in a fraction of seconds. They help in controlling several machines, T.V. stations and statellites.

(6) Atomic energy :- with the discovery of atomic energy, man has harnesssed on inexhaustible source of energy. It can meet the demands of energy of the world for a long time.

(7) As a curse :- Everything has two sides. Science too has dark side. The inventions and the productions of Atom bombs and other dangerous weapons are the threat to humanity of the world they can destroy big cities and villages in second. Big factories and machines have made atmosphere polluted. It is becoming more and more difficult to get water and air pure and clean. Pollution is also a threat to the world at large.

"If third world war will be fought with bombs and missiles then fourth will be fought with stones and arrows."- C.E.M. Joad.

(8) Conclusion :- Science is a good helper of Modern man. It can make the life of man happier and healthier. Truly it is because of science that man is called the "Master of the world." So we can say that science is good servant and bad master.

Hardy rightly said, "Science is angel in place and devil in war."

SECTION - C (Grammar)

Q.7 (A) Fill in the blanks by using the correct form of verbs given in brackets : (any five) 5

- (i) It was dark. So I took a torch with me. (take, took, taken)
- (ii) Barking dogs seldom bite. (Barking, Bark)
- (iii) He promised to return the money. (to return, returns)
- (iv) Strike the iron it is hot. (after, till, while)
- (v) Work hard or you will fail. (or, but, so)
- (vi) My brother is very strong. He can lift 80 kg of weight. (may, can, ought to)

(B) Choose the correct words from brackets and fill in the blanks : (any five) 5

- (i) Mohan was very tired. So he went to bed early. (go, gone, went)
- (ii) The sun rises in the east. (rise, rises, rose)
- (iii) Ravi is playing football. (playing, played, play)
- (iv) My brother is an S.D.O. (a, an, the)
- (v) Mr. Das is -a rich person but not happy. (but, and, or)
- (vi) We must obey the rules of the road. (must, have to)
- (vii) He has been sleeping since evening. (for, since)

Q.8 Do as directed : (any five) 5

- (i) hobby / my / games / playing I is
(Rearrange the words to make a meaningful sentence)
- (ii) He is very lazy. He cannot go for a morning walk.
(Combine the sentences using so that)
- (iii) He does his duty. (Change into negative)
- (iv) He is playing cricket. (Change into present perfect tense)
- (v) If you work hard, you will succeed. (Rewrite using unless)
- (vi) He have gone to school. (Correct the sentence)
- (vii) Bali Ram is my best friend. (Frame a question beginning with 'whom')

Ans. (i) My hobby is playing games.

(ii) He is so lazy that he can not go for a morning walk.

(iii) He does not do his duty.

(iv) He has played cricket.

(v) Unless you work hard, you will not succeed.

Q.9 Translate any five sentences into English : 5

1- og fØdsV [ksy jgk gSA

2- eSa vaxzsth cksy ldrk gwjA

3- D;k vki rSj ldrs gSa\

4- esjh d{kk esa 50 folKfhZ gSA

5- jke vkSj 'ke fe= gSaA

6- o"kkZ gks jgh gSA

Ans. (1) He is playing Cricket.

(3) Can you swim?

(4) There are fifty students in my class.

(5) Ram and Shyam are friends.

(6) It is raining

SECTION - D

Q.10 Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions given below it:

Once more the brave boy made up his mind. He would not be a cripple. He would walk. But unfortunately from the waist down he had no motor ability. His thin legs just dangled there, all but lifeless. Ultimately he was released from the hospital. Everyday his mother would massage his little legs, but there was no feeling, no control, nothing. Yet his determination that he would walk was as strong as ever.

Questions

(a) The word in the passage similar in meaning to disable is _____. 1

(i) dangle

(ii) cripple

(iii) determination

(b) What had caused the disability to the boy? 1

(i) He suffered an accident while crossing the road.

(ii) A truck ran over him.

(iii) He got burnt.

(c) By what name do we know the boy? 1

(i) Mahatma Gandhi

(ii) Roger Bannister

(iii) Dr. Glenn Cunningham

(d) How did the mother help the boy to overcome his disability? 2

Ans. (a) Cripple.

(b) He got burnt.

(c) Dr. Glenn Cunningham

(d) Everyday the boy's mother would massage his little legs.

In this way she helped him to overcome his disability.

Q.11 Read the following extract carefully and answer the questions given below it :

Sardar Kishan Singh was on the verge of losing his nerve. He continued delivering his speech in a delirious manner, when the milkman ran towards them and gave the dreaded news that the execution was over. Sardar Kishan Singh announced to the crowd, "Bhagat Singh has been executed. I am going to fetch his body. None of you should budge from here. I don't wish that in taking away the body of Bhagat Singh I shall have to take away many more".

Questions :

(a) If I say don't budge from here, I mean. 1

(i) don't move from. here.

(ii) don't buy from here.

(iii) don't play over here.

(b) From which lesson has the extract been taken ? 1

- (i) The Power of Determination
- (ii) Salutation to the Nation
- (iii) Children
- (c) Who was Sardar Bhagat Singh ? Sardar Kishan Singh's _____ 1
- (i) son
- (ii) brother
- (iii) friend
- (d) What news did the milkman give? 2

Ans. (a) don't move from here.

(b) Salutation to the Nation

(c) Son

(d) The milkman gave the dreaded news that the execution was over.

Q.12 Answer the following questions in about 30 words :

- (a) What was the opinion of the doctor about the burnt boy ? 3

OR

Why did Tcherviakov feel ashamed?

- (a) (OR)

Ans. Tcherviakov felt ashamed because he had sneezed on a old man. Who was sitting in front on him. He went to old man's office to ask to excuse him. But old man became angry and he thought that he must be joking.

- (b) What did Dr. Kalam want to become in Air Force? 3

OR

What were the qualities of Subuddhi and Kubuddhi

- (b) (OR)

Ans. Subuddhi was an honest man and led a good life while Kubuddhi was a wicked man. He led a life of drinking and gambling.

Q.13 Why did Pratap Singh call Bhama Shah "the Saviour of Mewar"? (in 60 words) 4

Ans. When Rana Pratap lost his State 'Mewar' in a war against Mughals. He was suffering from exile and other difficulties. He left all the hope of regaining his kingdom. At this time Bhama Sah came forward and laid down all his immense wealth at the foot of Rana Pratap. It was a great service of Bhama Sah to his motherland. So Pratap Singh called Bhama Sah, "the Saviour of Mewar".

OR

How did Rao Sakta react for Bhama Shah?

Q.14 Read the extract carefully and ans., cr the questions given below it :

The hand of peace is frank and warm

And soft as ring dove's wing;

And he who quells an angry thought

Is greater than a king.

Questions :

- (a) The extract has been taken from the poem 1

- (i) Children (ii) Anger (iii) Wind

- (b) Quell means : 1
(i) Suppress (ii) Succeed (iii) Hungry
(c) Which word rhymes with king : 1
(i) Angry (ii) Wing (iii) Frank

Ans. (a) Anger

(b) Suppress

(c) Wing

Q.15 What lies in the hearts of children? 3

OR

Who is noble, brave and wise?

Ans. A person who firmly tries to conquer and rule himself, is noble, brave and wise.

Q.16 Answer any two of the following in 20 words : 4

- (a) What does the poet want to know about the wind?
(b) What happens when the poet looks at the children playing?
(c) How does the wind work?

Ans. (a) The poet wants to know about the wind whether it is young or old whether it is beast of tree and field or stronger child than the poet himself.

(b) Poet's confusions and worries vanish quite away when the poet looks at the children playing.

Q.17 Answer any three of the following in 30 words each : 9

- (a) In what places malaria does not occur? Why?
(b) What is the first requirement of good etiquette?
(c) Why did the woman start running?
(d) What was the problem of the Soldier?

Ans. (a) Malaria does not occur in dry desert places because mosquitoes cannot breed there.

(b) Modern etiquette is an art. The first requirement of good etiquette is a pleasing personality which includes a good dress in tunes with time.

(c) The woman started running because she saw the formidable army and she panicked.

Q.18 Answer any two of the following questions in 30 words each : 6

- (a) Who was Alfred Nobel?
(b) Why did Gandhiji travel in third class?
(c) Why did Panna Dhai sacrificed her son?

Ans. (a) Alfred Nobel was a Swedish chemist who introduced a form of nitroglycerine that could be handled safely. He called it dynamite.

(b) Gandhiji travelled in third class because all poor people in India, travelled in third class.
