INFORMATIC PRACTICES - 2011 .

Time:	3 Hours	, c	lass - 12th	Maximum Marks: 75	
Instruc	each		n against it. (iii) l	i) Marks allotted to nternal choices are	
Q. 1.	Choo	hoose the correct answer and write in your answer book-			
	(A)	In client/server called as-	application the clie	ent part of the program is	
	•	(i) Front-End	(ii)Back	-End	
		(iii) Database	(iv) Mod	lule	
¥.	(B)	In a string the s	pace can be suppre	essed by-	
		(i) Instr	(ii) Trim		
		(iii) Input	(iv) Lcas	se	
	(C)	The extension o	f standard module	is-	
		(i).FRM	· (ii).CLS		
	•	(iii).BAS	(iv).FRX		
	(D)	Collection of log	gical structure of da	ta is called as-	
		(i) Query	(ii) Sche	ma	
50 CFC		(iii) Table	(iv)Tup	le	
	(E)	A temporary wo	rk area created in t	he system memory is-	
		(i) Location	(ii)Folde	er .	
4		(iii) Icon	(iv) Curs	sor	
Q. 2.	Fill in	the blanks-	•	5	
	(i)	ER Model is a	data model.		
	(ii)	A variable is dec	clared by key	word.	
	(iii)	Any source write	ten on the basis of	OLEDB is called as	
7				55 75 50 50500 gc	
	(iv)	Data link layer p	rotocol converts II	datagram into	
	(v)	There are no par	ameters in d	ata type.	

Q. 3.	State True/False-	5			
: 3:	(i) In network model, data is in the form of tree structure.				
*	(ii) Functions are like subroutines but they return value.				
*	(iii) RDO refers to Relational Data Object.				
•	(iv) PL/SQL is a database program.				
	(v) # operator is used to specify JOIN.				
Q. 4.	Match the column http://www.mpboardonline.com				
*	'A' 'B'				
	(i) Retrieve data from the databse (a) Picture box				
	(ii) ADO (b) HEX to RAW				
	(iii) Data aware control (c) FETCH				
	(iv) Pass control to the next (d) Active × Data objects	3			
*	executable statements				
	(v) Conversion function (e) Null Statement				
Q. 5.	What are the types of modules in VB? Explain with examples.				
(Or)	Differentiate between By Ref and By Val.				
Q. 6.	Write the code in VB to print numbers from 50 to 0.				
(Or)	Write a user defined function in VB that accepts the Fahrenheit				
	value and converts it into Celsius.				
Q. 7.	Explain LCASE and UCASE functions with examples.				
(Or)	Explain the difference between MDI and SDI.				
Q. 8.	What is stored procedure? Explain.				
(Or)	Write the difference between SQL and PL/SQL.				
Q. 9.	Explain Degree of Relationship. How can it be classified?				
(Or)	Explain client/server model of computing using suitable example.				
Q. 10.	What is data control? Explain data control properties.				
(Or)	Explain ADO Command object with its syntax.				
Q. 11.	Explain the various types of error in VB.				
(Or)	Explain SELECT-CASE statement with syntax and example in VB.				
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Q. 12.	Write down the features and limitations of Relational Model.	6
(Or)	Explain Transaction Control Statements and DML statements with examples.	1
Q. 13.	Explain scalar and composite data types of PL/SQL.	6
(Or) ·	Explain %TYPE and %ROWTYPE attributes with examples.	
Q. 14.	Explain IFTHENELSE statement with syntax and example.	6
(Or)	Write a program in PL/SQL to calculate the average of user entered numbers using WHILE LOOP.	
Q. 15.	Explain implicit cursor and explicit cursor with example.	6
(Or)	Explain the various types of Trigger in PL/SQL.	